

## **CERTIFICATE OF PRESENTATION**

## Andrei Ermakov, Yury Stepanyants

presented the Poster titled:

# Transformation of long surface waves in the coastal zone with a variable bathymetry

in the 9<sup>th</sup> International Congress on Industrial and Applied Mathematics,

held in Universitat de València · Campus Blasco Ibáñez, Valencia (Spain), July 15<sup>th</sup>- 19<sup>th</sup>, 2019.

Tomás Chacón ICIAM 2019 Valencia Congress Chairman

Rosa Donat President of the Spanish Society for Applied Mathematics

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s, 
$$x - y \perp M$$
.  
n an IPS H and  $M \subset H$ ,  
 $M^{\perp} = \{x \in H : (x, m) = 0 \forall m$   
wred to as "M-perp."  
ared to as "M-perp."  
 $M \subset H$ .

$$\leq 4\delta^{2} - 4\delta^{2} = 0$$
  
se  $(H, (\cdot, \cdot))$  is an IPS and M is a complor  
oximation to x in M, then  
 $x - y \perp M$ .  
 $m \neq 0$ . For any  $\lambda \in \mathbb{F}$ , by best appropriate  
 $m \neq \lambda m \|^{2} = \|x - y\|^{2} + \overline{\lambda}(x - y, m) + \delta^{2}$   
 $m \|^{2}$ , we have  
 $m \|^{2}$ , we have  
 $\leq -\overline{\lambda}\lambda \|m\|^{2} - \lambda\overline{\lambda} \|m\|^{2} + |\lambda|^{2} \|m\|^{2} = -\frac{1}{2}$ 

2019VALENCIA

9<sup>th</sup> International Congress on Industrial and Applied **Mathematics** 

July 15-19

Valencia · Spain



## 8. ICIAM 2019 Schedule

#### PA-020

Numerical models for nonlinear ultrasound in bubbly liquids Maria Teresa Tejedor Sastre Universidad Rey Juan Carlos **Christian Vanhille** Universidad Rey Juan Carlos Abstract: This work studies the nonlinear propagation of ultrasound in bubbly liquids. Numerical models in several dimensions are developed to solve a system formed by the wave and a Rayleigh-Plesset equations, which describes the nonlinear interaction between acoustic field and bubble vibrations. Our results show different characteristics of the waves in the nonlinear and dispersive media. This work is funded by AEI-ERDF (Spain, DPI2017-84758-P).

#### PA-021

Transformation of long surface waves in the coastal zone with a variable bathymetry

Andrei Ermakov Yury Stepanyants

University of Southern Queensland University of Southern Queensland

Abstract: The transformation of long linear waves in a coastal zone of an ocean with the variable bathymetry is considered. The coefficients of transmission and reflection are calculated as the functions of frequency and the total depth drop for three typical models: (i) piece-linear, (ii) piece-quadratic, and (iii) hyperbolic tangential depth profiles. Wave scattering on three models of underwater barrier/trench are also studied; the results obtained are compared with each other and with earlier obtained.

#### PA-022

Bidiagonal decomposition and accurate computations with Laguerre matrices

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Héctor Orera	Universidad de Zaragoza
Jorge Delgado	Universidad de Zaragoza
Juan Manuel Peña	Universidad de Zaragoza
<b></b>	

Abstract: Matrices with all minors nonnegative are called totally positive (TP) matrices. Nonsingular TP matrices admit a unique bidiagonal decomposition, which can be used as a parameterization to perform many algebraic computations with high relative accuracy (HRA). We have developed an accurate method to obtain the bidiagonal decomposition of collocation matrices of generalized Laguerre polynomials and of Lah matrices, which is the key tool to compute their eigenvalues, singular values and inverses with HRA.

#### PA-023

An innovative approach to solve triangular type-2 intuitionistic fuzzy matrix games

Tina Verma

Indian Institute of Technology Ropar

Abstract: Matrix games deals with real life situations and for matrix games, the payoffs should be known in advance. The payoffs for the matrix games were considered as real numbers which are unable to represent real life situations. To be more realistic, the classical theory is generalised by fuzzy set theory which involves linguistic terms, uncertainty. An approach for solving matrix games with triangular type-2 intuitionistic fuzzy payoffs is proposed and used it for water management.

#### PA-024

Alberto Fernandez

Decentralized and Asynchronous Spillover Algorithm for Capacitated Lot Sizing Problem Marin Lujak IMT Lille Douai Eva Onaindia

Universitat Politècnica de València University Rey Juan Carlos Abstract: In this paper, we study decentralized approaches to the

capacitated lot sizing problem (CLSP). Apart from production and manufacturing, CLSP formulation can be effectively used in many other scenarios like grid computing, energy management, healthcare, and transportation. We develop a decentralized mathematical model for the CLSP and a time-effective and optimal decentralized heuristic algorithm based on the spillover effect. We demonstrate the functioning of the algorithm and compare it with the results obtained in CPLEX.

#### PA-025

Dynamic Pricing In Insurance Yuging Zhang Neil Walton

The University of Manchester The University of Manchester Abstract: We study the dynamic pricing in insurance from the

perspective of an insurance company. We consider the problem of online revenue management for selling a new product. The insurance company can only observe realised demand and incurred claims but does not know the underlying functions for the product. We develop two pricing models: parametric and non-parametric models to balance between exploration (demand/claims learning) and exploitation (pricing) trade-off, to maximize revenues.

#### PA-026

Effective Competency-based Differential Evolution Algorithm for Numerical Optimization Harish Sharma

Rajasthan Technical University Kota India

Abstract: In Differential Evolution (DE) algorithm, every solution is given an equal chance to take part in the solution search process and in case of stagnation; it is difficult to get out from this situation. Therefore, a competency-based position update process is integrated with DE to boost the speed of convergence in addition to the diversification ability of the algorithm. The efficiency of the proposed algorithm is analyzed over a set of 20 real-world optimization problems.

#### PA-027

Group decision making in multi-objective optimization Surafel Luleseged Tilahun

Department of Mathematical Sciences, University of Zululand

Abstract: Optimization problems, formulated from a real scenario, involves multiple and often conflicting objectives. A compromised solution is said to be Pareto optimal if it is not possible to improve any of the objectives without worsening another. Choosing one among this set of Pareto optimal solutions depends on the preference of a decision maker. In some cases there will be multiple decision makers, possibly with conflicting preference. This research presents group preference in multi-objective optimization.

#### PA-029

Maximum entropy distiributions in Wasserstein balls

Luis Felipe Vargas Universidad de Los Andes Mauricio Velasco Universidad de Los Andes Abstract: We present a method for finding the probability distribution of

maximum entropy contained in the Wasserstein ball of a given radius k centered in the empirical measure defined by n data-points in

Such distributions are the most general (minimizing the amount of prior information) and are therefore of central importance in statistical inference. The poster will contain new theoretical results on how to efficiently describe such probability distributions as well as some practical implementation results.

#### PA-030

Non-convex Analysis of Multi-Graph Matching

Vahan Huroyan University of Arizona Gilad Lerman University of Minnesota Deepti Pachauri 3M

Abstract: The Multi-Graph Matching (MGM) problem assumes a set of graphs with fixed number of vertices and one-to-one correspondence maps between the vertices of each pair. Given only noisy measurements of the mutual correspondences, the MGM problem asks to improve the correspondence maps between pairs. We propose an iterative algorithm (with guarantees of linearly convergence) to solve the non-convex MGM problem. Numerical experiments demonstrate the competitive speed and accuracy of our method compared to state-ofthe-art methods.

### PA-021

Transformation of long surface waves in the coastal zone with a variable bathymetry

Andrei Ermakov University of Southern Queensland Yury Stepanyants University of Southern Queensland Abstract: The transformation of long linear waves in a coastal zone of an ocean with the variable bathymetry is considered. The coefficients of transmission and reflection are calculated as the functions of frequency and the total depth drop for three typical models: (i) piece-linear, (ii) piece-quadratic, and (iii) hyperbolic tangential depth profiles. Wave scattering on three models of underwater barrier/trench are also studied: the results obtained are compared with each other and with earlier obtained